

THE 2023 QUICK GUIDE

to Starting and Growing a Co-op/Internship Program





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UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI Expertise

Experience-based learning is in our DNA.

The University of Cincinnati invented cooperative education in 1906, and we've been pioneering new approaches to work-integrated learning ever since. For over a century, we've brought tomorrow's leaders out of the classroom and into the workforce to drive growth across every industry.

#1 Public University for Co-op and Internships

-U.S. NEWS & WORLD REPORT, 2023

Our co-op and internship program is one of the largest in the country and has been tested, proven, and trusted for over 100 years.



2,000 companies hired co-op students in 2021–22



7,500 co-op placements filled in 2021–22



\$75 million collectively earned by UC co-op students in 2021–22

The staff at the University of Cincinnati's College of Cooperative Education and Professional Studies is here to work with you to find the right hiring solutions for your organization. As an urban, public research university of nearly 50,000 students, we are well-positioned to maximize partnerships to help you achieve real results.

The best part? Recruiting from our talent pipeline is completely free.

THE BENEFITS OF HIRING CO-OP AND INTERNS

DEVELOP A TALENT PIPELINE

The skills gap is real. And finding qualified candidates can be exhausting for organizations. But it doesn't have to be. By growing a co-op/internship program, employers can begin the process of recruiting skilled workers before they ever hit the open job market.

At the University of Cincinnati, full-time co-op students typically have three to five "rotations" during their academic career. This provides employers the opportunity to make a connection with a student and start to build a long-term connection. Rather than spending resources onboarding a new intern every semester, you have the opportunity to bring back someone who already has familiarity with your company and can hit the ground running.

And after graduation, you're not just getting a typical entry-level employee. You're hiring someone who has already completed over a year of full-time employment in their industry.

A COST-EFFECTIVE SOLUTION TO COMPLETE SEASONAL OR SPECIAL PROJECTS OR COVER GAPS

Co-op students are not just available during the summer, but throughout the entire year. A typical full-time co-op rotation is 15 to 18 weeks long. So whether you're looking for workers in the summer or in the fall, or anytime in-between, co-op students can be a good option to fulfill your employment needs. Bringing on co-ops or interns also frees up your more-experienced personnel to focus on higher-level projects and tasks.

ADD FRESH PERSPECTIVES, NEW IDEAS, AND DIVERSE APPROACHES

In an ever-evolving world, employers must show they're able to innovate. Hiring from a top-ranked university for experience-based learning shows you're constantly evolving. Bringing on new talent means getting access to creativity, innovation, and enthusiasm from the next-generation of leaders.

ELEVATE YOUR ORGANIZATION BY GIVING CURRENT EMPLOYEES LEADERSHIP OPPORTUNITIES

Hiring co-op students and interns gives your current team members the opportunity to lead and manage new talent. Students learn by doing, but it also provides professional development for the rest of your workforce by becoming a mentor. This helps grow the overall organization and allows you to see management potential in your current team.

THE 2023 QUICK GUIDE

to Starting and Growing a Co-op/Internship Program

Starting an internship or co-op program can seem intimidating, especially for smaller companies where everyone wears a lot of hats and there's not always an official policy or procedure for how things get done. Partnerships with colleges and universities are the best way to start connecting with candidates—beyond that, here are some field-tested best practices to help you get up and running in no time!

METHODOLOGY

65 co-op/internship employers from more than 15 unique industry sectors

50 college/university faculty/staff representing 24 unique institutions

More than 1,250 qualitative responses

DEFINITIONS FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS STUDY

Co-op and Internship: What is the Difference?

COOPERATIVE EDUCATION (CO-OP)

Full-time (35 hrs. per week), paid, supervised, rotational professional experiences for students; ongoing rotations of semesters or quarters dedicated to school or work

INTERNSHIPS

Part-time or full-time, supervised professional experiences for students, often completed while simultaneously taking classes; may be paid or unpaid if working for a non-profit organization

BIG IDEAS FOR QUICK WINS

- **DEFINE AND ARTICULATE** what your organization hopes to accomplish by building a program what does success look like?
- Organizations report a higher ROI with hiring co-ops and interns when adopting the mindset of **BUILDING**A RECRUITMENT PIPELINE (rather than sporadic or overload hiring)
- Academic calendars and timelines don't always directly align with those in industry. It's typically best to be thinking about and PLANNING FOR CO-OP/ INTERN HIRING AT LEAST 3 MONTHS PRIOR to the season you plan to hire for. Recruitment, hiring, and evaluating is an ongoing process, so it's possible to build in reoccurring or cyclical activities.
- ONBOARDING AND TRAINING are often underserved—companies/organizations usually offer something short on day one, but "ongoing onboarding" or training in small segments throughout the semester can have a stronger impact.
- BUILDING AN IMPACTFUL RELATIONSHIP between universities and companies that hire co-ops/interns requires ongoing brand-building and multiple touchpoints beyond a career.
- A WELL-WRITTEN COMPANY AND JOB DESCRIPTION are the most effective first line of initial "screening" to get the right candidates.
- A STANDARD "WELCOME PACKET" with general policies, expectations, program goals, and a company map or seating chart for all co-ops/interns can be a simple but powerful tool for getting them up and running quickly.
- ASSIGNING BOTH A SUPERVISOR AND A MENTOR (with different roles) is a great way to increase on-the-job performance throughout the term; students may informally develop mentorship from other sources, but an assigned mentor creates a "safe-space" if informal mentorship doesn't happen organically.
- CONDUCTING SIMPLE "EXIT RESEARCH" with co-ops/interns (formal or informal) to measure how the experience met their expectations can be a great tool for continuous improvement of a company's program.
- STAYING ENGAGED with former co-ops/interns between semesters has a strong impact on their potential to return for another semester (and re-integration when they return).



- START WITH WHY what does your organization hope to accomplish by hiring co-ops/interns? What would it take for you to end the semester saying it was a success?
- Try to **SET REALISTIC EXPECTATIONS** based on the hours a student will work, the level of students you're recruiting, and the learning curve of your particular industry or company.
- Titles can be interchanged, but not always—DEFINE AND ARTICULATE WHAT YOUR ORGANIZATION CONSIDERS A CO-OP VS. AN INTERN. If you plan to have both, what are the expectations and requirements of each, and what makes them different?

When thinking about who to recruit, an emphasis on student skills (not just their major) can translate to a stronger pool of candidates.

Does **YOUR BUDGET** allow you to hire more than one student per semester? Having peers with shared experiences can increase their productivity, job satisfaction, and the attractiveness of re-locating to a new city.



PRO TIP NO. 1

Hiring a less experienced candidate and a more experienced candidate at the same time can help create the ongoing "pipeline" of students who return for a second semester, and allow the more experienced student to serve as the mentor to a less experienced student.

BUILD YOUR BRAND ON CAMPUS

Tell (sell) your story

- PUT FACES WITH NAMES Even if you can't get to campus in person, set up a phone call or video conference to build relationships with the people sending you candidates (professors, career services staff, etc.). They'll be better equipped to promote your company to students, and you'll feel more comfortable asking questions or reaching out if there's a future concern.
- CAREER FAIRS are an obvious choice for on-campus recruitment and dates are usually published well in advance. If possible, send multiple reps from different departments and levels (HR, department management, a current co-op/intern, student, etc.).

Students report that the appearance of a company's table or booth, promotional items, etc. has a strong impact on their perception of your brand.

- **DON'T BE A STRANGER!** Consider engaging with events on campus beyond career fairs—such as:
 - Visiting classes as a panelist or guest speaker provide students with tips for getting a job anywhere (especially your company)
 - Offering lunch and learns related to trends or current events in the industry (not just your company)
 - Etiquette dinners with juniors and seniors
 - Serving as a mock interviewer for a professional development class or student organization
- GET SOCIAL! Join/follow schools and programs on LinkedIn, Instagram, and other social media platforms; engage in or start conversations online.
- ONLINE PRESENCE = FIRST IMPRESSIONS. Make sure your company website is up to date!



JOB DESCRIPTIONS AND INTERVIEWING

Let's meet the candidates!

- A well-crafted and engaging company and job description can be your most powerful first line of screening to attract the right candidates. If your boilerplate descriptions haven't been updated in a while, it might be time to draft a new version that tells just how awesome your company is!
- Consider "pre-testing" (something to complete beyond the application and resume), especially if it's a highly technical role or requires specific software proficiency.
- When screening candidates, remember that on-campus and involvement in extra-curricular activities can often paint a better picture of the student than GPA alone.
- Don't forget to mention potential challenges in the interview, not just the "fun stuff" paint a realistic picture so students can self-evaluate their fit.
- Involve representatives from multiple departments or roles in interviews, not just the supervisor(s); former or outgoing interns/co-ops are great at this!
- Think Location—on campus, video, and phone interviews are easier for students, but on-site at your organization gives them a chance to experience company culture first-hand, and may be easier for involving multiple interviewers.

PRE-HIRE ENGAGEMENT

They said "yes"! ...but they don't start until next semester...

Can you provide housing suggestions for their relocation?

Stipends:: want the best talent? This is the way to entice them! Relocation stipends; transportation or parking—can this be paid for? Housing—can this be provided or at least offset some of the cost? This will attract lots of candidates and widen your pool.

Engaging with students prior to their start date can help them build anticipation and begin the process of feeling like part of the team. A few simple touch points can make their actual first day a lot smoother, and their first week a lot more productive. Some ideas include:

- Sending a "welcome pack" with company information, first-day paperwork, and a branded company gift to their home via mail prior to start date.
- Invitations to an on-campus or on-site lunch with current co-ops or interns and/or their future supervisor.
- Sending a list of "standard software" or office tools that the co-op/intern will be using on daily basis (such as MS Outlook, design programs, etc.) before they start will give them a chance to start practicing if they don't already have experience.

SECTION 1 CLOSING THOUGHTS

The first steps of any project or journey are always the hardest, but once you've got the ball rolling with campus recruitment, interviews, and making offers, you're ready to start thinking about actually putting your new hires to work. Let's move on to Section 2: Let's Get to Work!



PRO TIP NO. 2

A dedicated "hiring event" or day can help you streamline and block employees' time.



ON-BOARDING

Welcome to the family!

Treating a co-op or intern's first day as you would a new full-time employee is any easy way to communicate that they're a valuable part of the team.

Make it obvious that "we knew you were coming", this includes:

- Simple things like having a designated place to sit (including a chair and a desk that isn't littered with outdated copies of employer manuals or promotional materials from the 1990s).
- If a computer is required to do the job, make sure there's one ready for them, including a working login, access to necessary files/servers, and a designated e-mail address (even if it's an alias like "intern@yourcompany.com").
- Make sure the student's supervisor has been determined BEFORE they arrive, and knows they'll be the supervisor...
- Send a company or department wide e-mail introducing the new co-op(s) or intern(s). Include their school, year and major, where they'll be sitting or who they'll primarily be working with, and a few "fun facts" about them to help start conversations when meeting new people.
- A free set of simple office supplies like a notebook, colored post-its, and fancy pens can be pretty exciting to a financially strapped college student...
- Seating logistics are often overlooked, but can play a major role in morale and connectedness; try to avoid the "intern corner" or closet—let students sit with other employees on the team so they can integrate more effectively.
 - "I'm supposed to take this to Dan, but there are five Dans on this floor..." Help students avoid embarrassing moments by providing a seating chart or office diagram with everyone's name at their work areas.
- Some kind of formal orientation is an obvious first step to getting started. If hiring multiple co-ops or interns in a semester, coordinating a common start date can help streamline the orientation process.
- High value orientations for co-ops and interns include a discussion of "unwritten" policies like dress code, company culture, and lunch time habits, along with traditional orientation topics like formal policies and procedures.



PRO TIP NO. 3

Consider creating a "Welcome Binder" with universal information for any co-op or intern; building and updating this could be a great project for an outgoing co-op or intern.

ON-BOARDING!

- Welcome to town! Some students will be relocating for co-op or internship positions and might need some help with basics like where to find grocery stores, gas stations, and restaurants. Beyond that, some suggestions of "what to do for fun", and maybe even a gift card as a welcoming present can be a nice bonus.
- Have a lunch or small "welcome reception" with breakfast or late afternoon snacks on the first day; invite anyone that will work with the student(s).
- Assigning both a supervisor AND a mentor (with different roles) is a great way to increase on-the-job performance throughout the term; students may informally develop mentorship from other sources, but an assigned mentor creates a "safe-space" if informal mentorship doesn't happen organically. Returning co-ops/interns have potential as formal or informal mentors.
- Provide students with a simple explanation of "billable hours", or the basic business model for how your organization makes money—It helps them see how their time translates to the company's profitability. This may be the first time they've had a job where "time is money".

MAXIMIZE PRODUCTIVITY

Working smarter

- Take time early in the semester to set and articulate expectations of a student's work. The more clearly they know what you're hoping for, the easier it is for them to meet the bar. Specific examples of final documents, visual work, presentation files, etc. can be great tools for getting on the same page.
- Most university programs will require the student to set a few goals for their own personal growth or accomplishments throughout the semester, and you will probably have some company goals. Discuss these early, but consider waiting a few weeks to finalize them to help the student better understand the organization and their role, and help you determine what's realistic.

Students need some positive reinforcement and a chance to see the fruits of their labor, and a semester can come and go pretty quickly when a long-term project may not come to a close for several years. Be sure to set a few goals or "small wins" for the student that are attainable within the first half of the semester, even if they're incremental goals towards a larger project.

A daily (or at least a few days a week) 5 minute "standing meeting" (literally...meet standing up so it's short) at the beginning of the day can help to set the accountability and prioritization of tasks.



PRO TIP NO. 4

Consider a central repository of ongoing projects that co-ops or interns can work on in between major assignments or deliverables.

MAXIMI7F PRODUCTIVITY

Exposure to multiple facets of the company, even if a short shadowing experience, helps students see the big picture and better understand how they fit into it. It can also be helpful for them to see a different area of the company that interests them for the future if their initial experience doesn't end up being what they anticipated.

Special/Additional "Intern Projects" — The jury is still out on having students complete a specific "Intern Project" that isn't directly useable or related to something the company will actually use. In cases where work is not covered by non-disclosure policies, these projects can be helpful to give the student work they can share in a future interview or portfolio. Beyond that, special projects (even if they're "cool") that don't actually get used by the company can feel like busywork.

- Students generally report that they enjoy giving presentations to groups at the company—it's one of the most commonly cited "most valuable experiences" in reflective meetings and when answering questions in future interviews.
- Who's the Boss? Set clear expectations of who the co-op or intern is ultimately accountable to from a supervision and work priority standpoint; who gets the "last word" on what should come first if multiple people ask them for help on something.
 - Defining a back-up or "number 2" can be helpful for occasions when their primary supervisor is out of the office, especially if the supervisor frequently travels for extended periods. As a bonus—Serving as the secondary supervisor can be a great training tool for future managers!



PRO TIP NO. 5

Consider creating a "passport" or scavenger hunt style activity that interns have to complete throughout the term, requiring them to meet with a variety of people in the company

REAL-TIME FEEDBACK

How's it going?

Negative feedback at the end of the semester without prior awareness of an issue is a common frustration voiced by both students AND employers

- Weekly or bi-weekly briefings and/or "mini-assessments" can help both parties track progress, and make the end of semester evaluation much easier!
- Regular check-ins for formal and informal feedback makes it much easier to have a midsemester course correction if expectations aren't being met (on either side).



PRO TIP NO. 6

A formal mid-semester evaluation can be beneficial for the academic portion of the student's experience, and the perfect time to start the informal conversation about their interest in returning for future co-ops/internships or full-time positions if offered.

GET CONNECTED

All work and no play makes Jack a dull intern...

Regular lunch & learns across the company (both on and off site) are an easy way to facilitate connections, and foster professional development for both the students and full-time employees.

Free food brings people together... consider organized lunches with other co-ops/interns, new hires, managers, and others 2–3 times throughout the semester to expand professional networks and build personal connections to the company. Need help with table conversation? Start by having current employees share their backgrounds and how they ended up in their current roles.

- Establishing a "cohort" of recent hires and co-ops/interns can build a sense of camaraderie and informal sharing of experiences.
- Setting up regular opportunities for social events or gatherings that connect students to others in the company, their industry, and city can be a powerful stimulant to their professional growth. Consider group outings to explore the city and culture, introduce them to professional organizations, or engage with community service projects.

END OF TERM EVALUATIONS

Does this count for a grade?

- An end of term summary/capstone presentation to company leadership can benefit everyone involved. With the right guidance and invitations:
 - Students reflect on and articulate what they've accomplished and gained. Bonus presenting to this audience is another great step in their professional growth!
 - Co-op/Intern supervisors have tangible evidence and reminders of accomplishments to help inform the final evaluation.
 - Senior management, HR, and others in the organization can see first-hand what an asset co-ops and interns can be to the organization.

Some companies prefer to use the same review documents and procedures they would for a full-time employee—some prefer a simple exit interview with a few questions about what the student liked/disliked the most, their biggest "takeaways", their perception of culture, etc. Some use both!

Having students complete a self-evaluation is an effective way to identify potential gaps between their expectations and your perception of their experience

Direct supervisors will probably have the best picture of a student's performance, but getting feedback from other employees can take off some of the pressure and avoid having an entire review of one person's experience. A simple survey (electronic or physical) can facilitate quick and consistent gathering of documented feedback.

SECTION 2 CLOSING THOUGHTS

Time flies when you're having fun—before you know it, both you and your intern or co-op will look at the calendar and realize it's almost time for them to head back to campus. Hopefully it's been a great fit for everyone and you can't imagine life without their contributions to your team. Or maybe it's been a good learning experience, but you're headed in a different direction. Either way, having a plan to address what's next will avoid an awkward last day. Let's move on to *Section 3: Future Planning*

PRO TIP NO. 7

Evaluations can be a two-way street; some organizations have students complete a formal evaluation of their experience to inform potential program improvements.



FUTURE PLANNING

So long, or see you next time?

- A formal exit interview provides the perfect forum for feedback (both ways), and a more serious conversation about the potential of future opportunities.
 - Sometimes things are "up in the air". If there's a potential for a student to return in the future but you're not quite able to make it a formal offer, be transparent and honest about the timeframe for a decision. If the student needs to pursue other potential jobs, waiting too long to start can put them at a disadvantage amongst their peers.
- Be sure to verify the student's contact information before leaving so you can stay in touch between terms or follow up if anything is left outstanding. Some students use their school e-mail address exclusively, some use a personal address, phone numbers may change, etc.
- If possible, scheduling a few "transition days" with overlap between the outgoing and incoming co-ops/interns can make for a much smoother hand-off, even if they're just a few hours of part-time work before or after the term from either party.
- Invitations to company events (holiday party, company events, etc.) after the student returns to campus are an easy way to stay in touch if you see a future for the relationship.

FINAL CLOSING THOUGHTS

Maintaining a strong program is a continuous process; invested relationships with the schools you recruit from, and on-going feedback from the students you hire can help you stay ahead of the curve. Consider this guide as a starting point, or another "tool" in your toolbox for building the ideal program; share it with human resource professionals, co-op and intern supervisors and mentors in your organization.

Ready to access tomorrow's top talent?

Learn more about posting open positions and hiring from our nationally-ranked co-op and internship program.

» Contact engagement@uc.edu or visit uc.edu/hire-talent to get started.

What majors are available for co-op/internship opportunities?

Our team connects employers with students to fill some of the most challenging positions to recruit and hire for today. The options are limitless, but our most in-demand fields include:

- IT and Computing
- Engineering
- Organizational Leadership and Human Resources
- Architecture, Art, Design, and Planning
- Healthcare Services and Administration
- Sales, Marketing and Communication
- Manufacturing and Logistics
- Digital Media and Web Development
- Construction and Real Estate
- Finance and Accounting
- Civics and Government

If you have a hiring need that's not addressed here, our team will work with you to connect you to the right talent.

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